| DTC | P2740 | Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor "B" Circuit |
|-----|-------|--|
| DTC | P2742 | Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor "B" Circuit Low Input |
| DTC | P2743 | Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor "B" Circuit High Input |

DESCRIPTION

The No. 2 Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) temperature sensor is on the transmission, just before the oil cooler inlet pipeline.

If the ECM detects an abnormally high ATF temperature through this sensor, it illuminates the warning light to indicate the problem to the driver.

HINT:

- The ATF temperature is liable to increase under vehicle conditions such as towing, climbing hills and in traffic.
- If there is a short malfunction in the No. 2 ATF temperature sensor, the ECM receives signals from the sensor, which indicate that the ATF temperature is 150°C (302°F) or more.

The symptoms and recovery conditions, when the sensor is normal or there is a short malfunction in the sensor, are as shown in the table below.

| No.2 ATF Temperature Sensor Status | Detection Condition | Symptom | Recovery Condition |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| | ATF temperature more than 150°C (302°F) | ATF temperature warning light remains on | ATF temperature less than 135°C (275°F) *2 |
| | ATF temperature more than 130°C (266°F) | Shift point too high | ATF temperature less than 110°C (230°F) |
| Sensor is normal | When the conditions (a) and (b) are satisfied continually (a) ATF temperature more than130°C (266°F) (b) Engine coolant temperature more than 95°C (203°F) | • Lock-up in 3rd gear *1 | ATF temperature less than 110°C (230°F) *2 and engine coolant temperature less than 95°C (203°F) |
| Sensor is short | Any conditions | ATF temperature warning light remains on Shift point too high | Symptoms still occur |
| | Engine coolant temperature more than 95°C (203°F) | Lock-up in 3rd gear *1 | Symptom still occurs |

HINT:

- *1: When the ATF temperature is normal, the transmission locks up in 5th gear with the shift lever in the D position and in 4th gear with the shift lever in the 4th position.
- *2: When the ATF temperature is in the normal range, it decreases to less than 135°C (275°F) within 5 minutes of the shift lever being moved to the P or N position, while idling.

| DTC No. | DTC Detection Conditions | Trouble Areas |
|---------|--|--|
| P2740 | Conditions (a) and (b) are detected momentarily within 0.5 seconds when neither P2742 nor P2743 is detected. (1-trip detection logic) (a) No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance (voltage) is less than 25 Ω (0.046 V). (b) No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance (voltage) is more than 156 k Ω (4.915 V). HINT: Within 0.5 seconds the malfunction changes from (a) to (b) or (b) to (a). | Open or short in No.2 ATF temperature sensor circuit No.2 ATF temperature sensor ECM |



| DTC No. DTC Detection Conditions | | Trouble Areas |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| P2742 | No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance (voltage) is less than 25 Ω (0.046 V) for 0.5 seconds or more (1-trip detection logic) | Short in No.2 ATF temperature sensor circuit No.2 ATF temperature sensor ECM |
| P2743 | No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance (voltage) is more than 156 k Ω (4.915 V) for 0.5 seconds or more 15 minutes or more after starting engine (1-tip detection logic) | Open in No.2 ATF temperature sensor circuit No.2 ATF temperature sensor ECM |

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

These DTCs indicate an open or short in the No. 2 Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) temperature sensor circuit. The No. 2 ATF temperature sensor converts the ATF temperature to an electrical resistance value. Based on the resistance, the ECM determines the ATF temperature, and detects any open or short malfunctions in the No. 2 ATF temperature sensor circuit. If the resistance (voltage) of the No. 2 ATF temperature sensor is less than 25 Ω (0.046 V) or more than 156 k Ω (4.915 V), the ECM interprets this as a fault in the No. 2 ATF temperature sensor or its wiring. The ECM turns on the MIL and stores a DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

| Related DTCs | P2740 : No. 2 ATF temperature sensor/Range check (Fluttering) P2742 : No. 2 ATF temperature sensor/Range check (Low voltage) P2743 : No. 2 ATF temperature sensor/Range check (High voltage) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Required sensors/Components | No. 2 ATF temperature sensor |
| Frequency of operation | Continuous |
| Duration | 0.5 seconds |
| MIL operation | Immediate |
| Sequence of operation | None |

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

P2740: Range check (Fluttering)

| The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present. | None | |
|---|------|--|
| The typical enabling condition is not available. | - | |

P2742: Range check (Low voltage)

| The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present. | None |
|---|------|
| The typical enabling condition is not available. | - |

P2743: Range check (High voltage)

| The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present. | None |
|---|--------------------|
| Time after engine start | 15 minutes or more |

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

P2740: Range check (Fluttering)

| | Less than 0.046 V |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| No. 2 ATF temperature sensor voltage | or |
| | More than 4.915 V |

P2742: Range check (Low voltage)

| | <u> </u> | <i>'</i> |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| ſ | No. 2 ATF temperature sensor voltage | Less than 0.046 V |

P2743: Range check (High voltage)

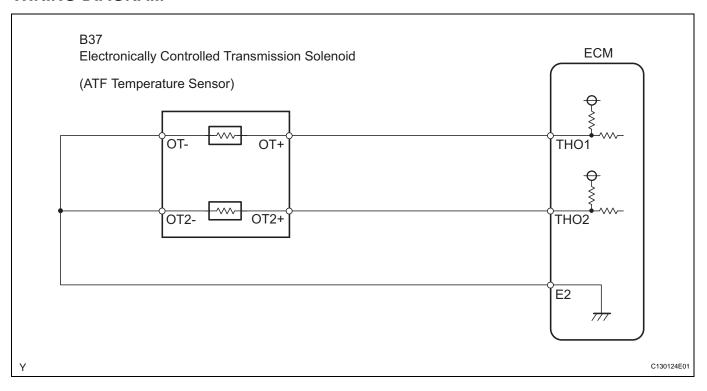
| No. 2 ATF temperature sensor voltage | More than 4.915 V |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|

ΑT

COMPONENT OPERATING RANGE

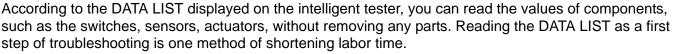
| ATF temperature sensor | Atmospheric temperature up to approximately 130°C (266°F) |
|------------------------|---|
| <u>'</u> | 1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' |

WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:



NOTICE:

In the table below, the values listed under "Normal Condition" are for reference only. Do not depend solely on these reference values when judging whether a part is faulty or not.

- 1. Warm up the engine.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch off.
- 3. Connect the intelligent tester together with the CAN VIM (Controller Area Network Vehicle Interface Module) to the DLC3.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- 5. Push the "ON" button of the tester.
- 6. Select the items "DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / DATA LIST" / A/T.
- 7. According to the display on the tester, read the "DATA LIST".

| Item | Measurement Item/ Range (display) | Normal Condition |
|--------------|---|--|
| AT OIL TEMP2 | No. 2 ATF Temperature Sensor Value/ min.: -40°C (-40°F) max.: 215°C (419°F) | After Stall Test: Approximately 80°C (176°F) Equal to ambient temperature during cold soak |

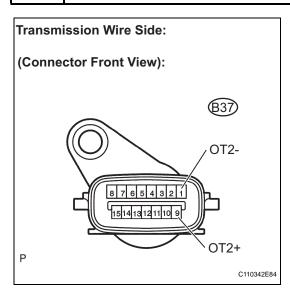
HINT:

When DTC P2742 is output and intelligent tester reading is 150°C (302°F) or more, there is a short circuit. When DTC P2743 is output and intelligent tester reading is -40°C (-40°F), there is an open circuit.

Measure the resistance between terminal THO2 and the body ground.

| Temperature Displayed | Malfunction |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| -40°C (-40°F) | Open circuit |
| 150°C (302°F) or more | Short circuit |

1 INSPECT TRANSMISSION WIRE (NO.2 ATF TEMPERATURE SENSOR)



- (a) Disconnect the transmission wire connector from the transmission.
- (b) Measure the resistance.

Standard resistance

| Tester Connection | Specified Condition |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 (OT2-) - 9 (OT2+) | 79 Ω to 156 k Ω |

(c) Measure the resistance.

Standard resistance (Check for short)

| Tester Connection | Specified Condition |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 (OT2-) - Body ground | 10 kΩ or higher |
| 9 (OT2+) - Body ground | 10 k Ω or higher |

HINT:

If the resistance is outside the specified range at either of the ATF temperatures shown in the table below, the driveability of the vehicle may decrease.

| ATF Temperature | Specified Condition |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 20°C (68°F) | 3 to 5 kΩ |
| 110°C (230°F) | 0.22 to 0.28 kΩ |

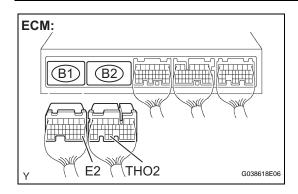


REPAIR OR REPLACE TRANSMISSION WIRE

AT

OK /

2 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (TRANSMISSION WIRE - ECM)



- (a) Connect the transmission wire connector to the transmission.
- (b) Disconnect the ECM connectors.
- (c) Measure the resistance.

Standard resistance

| Tester Connection | Specified Condition |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| B2-32 (THO2) - B1-28 (E2) | 79 Ω to 156 k Ω |

(d) Measure the resistance.

Standard resistance (Check for short)

| Tester Connection | Specified Condition |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| B2-32 (THO2) - Body ground | 10 kΩ or higher |
| B1-28 (E2) - Body ground | 10 kΩ or higher |

NG REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

OK

REPLACE ECM

ΑT